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for Construction Prague**

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## European Technical Assessment

## ETA 14/0170 of 26/09/2023

**Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA:** Technical and Test Institute  
for Construction Prague

**Trade name of the construction product**

ICFS CM VESF  
ICFS CM VESF-Tropical  
galvanized or stainless steel bonded anchor

**Product family to which the construction  
product belongs**

Product area code: 33  
Bonded injection type anchor for use  
in uncracked concrete

**Manufacturer**

INDO CONSTRUCTION FASTENING  
SYSTEMS (ICFS) INDO - SPARK  
CONSTRUCTION SERVICES  
198 E, TARARANI CHOWK, NEAR GEETA  
MANDIR, KOLHAPUR 416003,  
MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

**Manufacturing plant**

INDO CONSTRUCTION FASTENING  
SYSTEMS (ICFS) INDO – SPARK plant 1

**This European Technical Assessment  
contains**

19 pages including 16 Annexes which form  
an integral part of this assessment

**This European Technical Assessment is  
issued in accordance with regulation  
(EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of**

EAD 330499-01-0601  
Bonded fasteners for use in concrete

**This version replaces**

ETA 14/0170 issued on 13/01/2022

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## 1. Technical description of the product

The ICFS CM VESF and ICFS CM VESF-Tropical (extended curing time) with steel elements is bonded anchor (injection type).

Steel elements can be galvanized or stainless steel threaded rods or rebar.

Steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar. The steel element is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

The illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

## 2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years and 100 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

## 3. Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance to tension load (static and quasi-static loading)	See Annex C 1 to C 5
Characteristic resistance to shear load (static and quasi-static loading)	See Annex C 6, C 7
Displacements under short-term and long-term loading	See Annex C 8

### 3.2 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

No performance determined.

### 3.3 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B 1 are kept.

## 4. Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission<sup>1</sup> the system of assessment verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Metal anchors for use in concrete	For fixing and/or supporting to concrete, structural elements (which contributes to the stability of the works) or heavy units.	-	1

<sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

**5. Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided in the applicable EAD**

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is a part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague.<sup>2</sup> The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

Issued in Prague on 26.09.2023

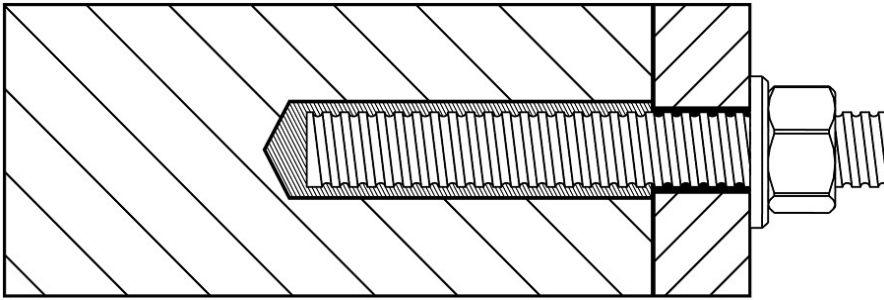
By  
**Ing. Jiří Studnička, Ph.D.**  
Head of the Technical Assessment Body



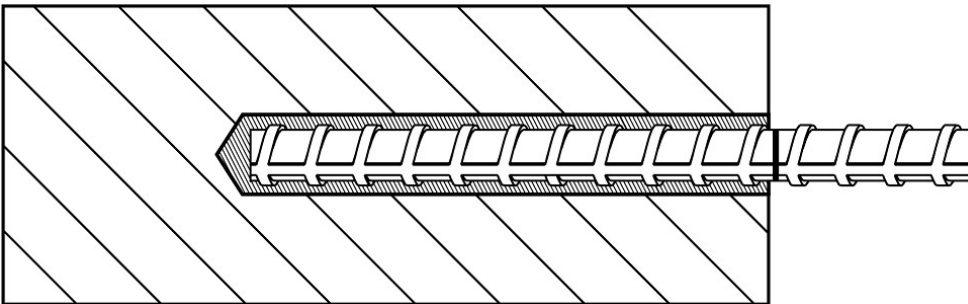
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<sup>2</sup> The control plan is a confidential part of the documentation of the European Technical Assessment, but not published together with the ETA and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of AVCP.

**Threaded rod**



**Reinforcing bar**



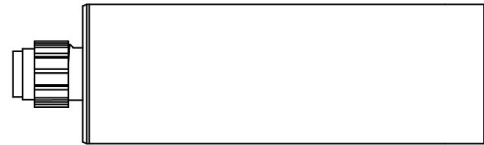
**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Product description**  
Installed conditions

**Annex A 1**

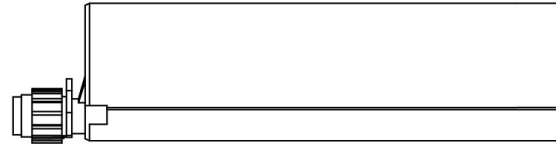
**Coaxial cartridge**

ICFS CM VESF, VESF-Tropical  
380 ml  
410 ml  
420 ml



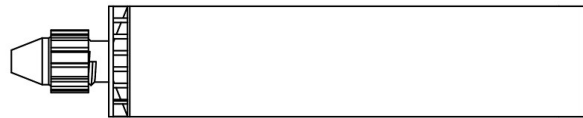
**Side by side cartridge**

ICFS CM VESF, VESF-Tropical  
345 ml  
350 ml  
360 ml  
825 ml



**Two part foil in a single piston component cartridge**

ICFS CM VESF, VESF-Tropical  
300 ml

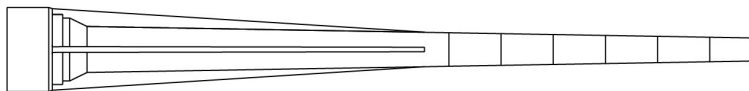


**Marking of the mortar cartridges**

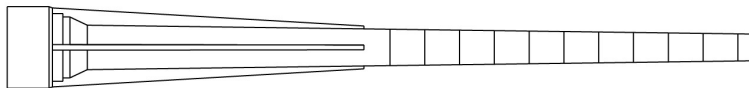
Identifying mark of the producer, Trade name, Charge code number, Storage life, Curing and processing time

**Mixing nozzle**

MN 300



CMWN



EZ-Flow



MN 400

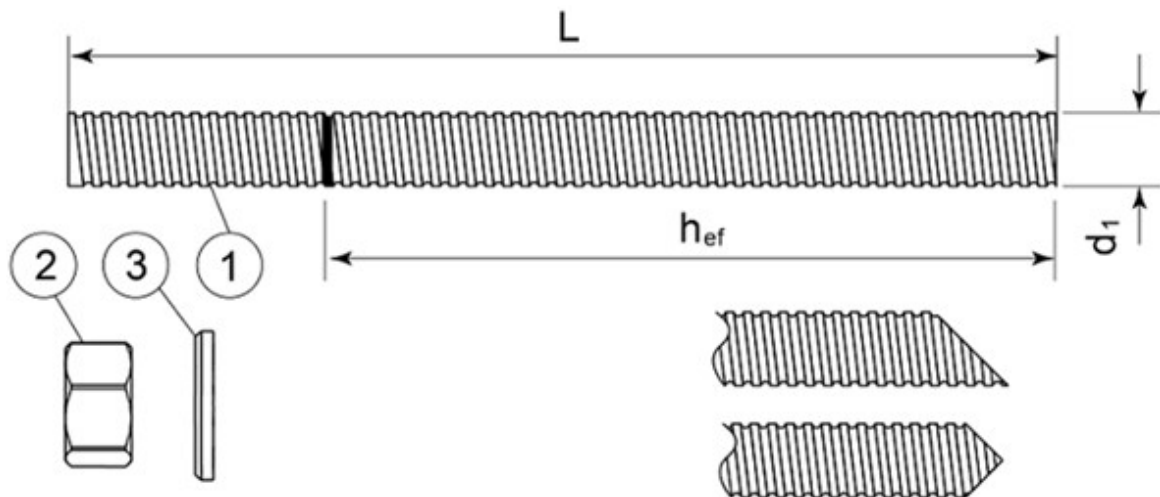


**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Product description**  
Injection system

**Annex A 2**

### Threaded rod M8, M10, M12, M16, M20, M24



Standard commercial threaded rod with marked embedment depth

Part	Designation	Material
<b>Steel, zinc plated <math>\geq 5 \mu\text{m}</math> acc. to EN ISO 4042 or Steel, Hot-dip galvanized <math>\geq 40 \mu\text{m}</math> acc. to EN ISO 1461 and EN ISO 10684 or Steel, zinc diffusion coating <math>\geq 15 \mu\text{m}</math> acc. to EN 13811</b>		
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 CAS 5.8, CAS 8.8, CAS 10.9* EN ISO 898-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod, EN 20898-2
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
<b>Stainless steel</b>		
1	Anchor rod	CAS A2-70, CAS A4-70, CAS A4-80 EN ISO 3506
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
<b>High corrosion resistant steel</b>		
1	Anchor rod	CAS HCR, CAS UHCR EN 10088-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod

\*Galvanized rod of high strength are sensitive to hydrogen induced brittle failure

**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Product description**  
Threaded rod and materials

**Annex A 3**

**Rebar Ø8, Ø10, Ø12, Ø16, Ø20, Ø25**



Standard commercial reinforcing bar with marked embedment depth

<b>Product form</b>		<b>Bars and de-coiled rods</b>	
Class		B	C
Characteristic yield strength $f_{yk}$ or $f_{0,2k}$ (MPa)		400 to 600	
Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)_k$		$\geq 1,08$	$\geq 1,15$ < 1,35
Characteristic strain at maximum force $\epsilon_{uk}$ (%)		$\geq 5,0$	$\geq 7,5$
Bendability		Bend/Rebend test	
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm)		
	$\leq 8$		
	$> 8$	$\pm 4,5$	
Bond: Minimum relative rib area, $f_{R,min}$	Nominal bar size (mm)		
	8 to 12		
	$> 12$	0,056	

**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Product description**  
Rebars and materials

**Annex A 4**

## Specifications of intended use

### Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi-static load.

### Base materials

- Uncracked concrete.
- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at maximum according EN 206-1:2000-12.

### Temperature range:

- -40°C to +80°C (max. short. term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C)

### Use conditions (Environmental conditions)

- (X1) Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- (X2) Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel A4, high corrosion resistant steel).
- (X3) Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

### Concrete conditions:

- I1 – installation in dry or wet (water saturated) concrete and use in service in dry or wet concrete.
- I2 – installation in water-filled (not sea water) and use in service in dry or wet concrete

### Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EN 1992-4 under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.

### Installation:

- Hole drilling by hammer drilling, dustless drilling or diamond core drilling mode.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

### Installation direction:

- D3 – downward and horizontal and upwards (e.g. overhead) installation

ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical

Intended use  
Specifications

Annex B 1



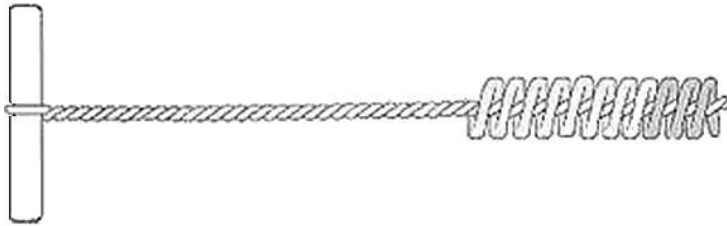
**HDB – Hollow Drill Bit System**

Heller Duster Expert hollow drill bit  
 SDS-Plus ≤ 16mm  
 SDS-Max ≥ 16mm



Class M vacuum  
 Minimum flow rate 266 m³/h (74 l/s)

**Cleaning brush**



**Applicator gun**

**A**



**B**



**C**



**D**



**E**



Applicator gun	A	B	C	D	E
Cartridge	Coaxial 380ml 420ml	Side by side 345ml 360ml	Foil capsule 300ml	Foil capsule 300ml	Side by side 825ml

**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Intended use**

Hollow drill bit system, Cleaning brush  
 Applicator guns

**Annex B 2**

**SOLID SUBSTRATE INSTALLATION METHOD**

1. Using the SDS hammer drill (HD) in rotary hammer mode for drilling, with a carbide tipped drill bit of the appropriate size, drill the hole to the specified hole diameter and depth.



2. Select the correct air lance, insert to the bottom of the hole, and depress the trigger for 2 seconds. The compressed air must be clean and free from water and oil, with a minimum pressure of 90 psi (6 bar). A manual pump may be used for certain diameters and depths; check the approval document. Perform the blowing operation twice.



3. Select the correct size hole cleaning brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and of the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole, using a brush extension if needed to reach the bottom. Withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be a positive interaction between the bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole. Perform the brushing operation twice.

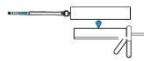


4. Repeat step 2 (blowing operation x2)

5. Repeat step 3 (brushing operation x2)

6. Repeat step 2 (blowing operation x2)

7. Select the most appropriate static mixer nozzle, checking that the mixing elements are present and fit for purpose. Never modify the mixer. Attach the mixer nozzle to the cartridge. Check the dispensing tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.



8. Extrude some resin to waste until an even coloured mixture is achieved. The cartridge is now ready for use.



9. Insert the mixing nozzle to the bottom of the hole. Extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the nozzle from the hole. Ensure no air voids are created as the nozzle is withdrawn. Inject resin until the hole is approximately 3/4 full and remove the nozzle from the hole.



10. Select the steel anchor element ensuring it is free from oil or other contaminants, and mark with the required embedment depth. Insert the steel element into the hole using a back and forth twisting motion to ensure complete cover, until it reaches the bottom of the hole. Excess resin will be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element and there shall be no gaps between the anchor element and the wall of the drilled hole.



11. Clean any excess resin from around the mouth of the hole.

12. Refer to the working and loading times within the tables to determine the appropriate cure time.



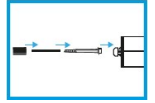
13. Position the fixture and tighten the anchor to the appropriate installation torque. Do not over-torque the anchor, as this could adversely affect its performance.



**DEEP EMBEDMENT & OVERHEAD INSTALLATION METHOD**

1a. Perform steps 1-8 under "solid substrate installation method".

2a. Attach the correct diameter and length extension tube to the nozzle. Select the correct diameter resin stopper for the application, then push and screw the extension tube into the resin stopper. This is held in place with a coarse internal thread. The resin stopper is a reusable accessory.



3a. Push the resin stopper and extension tube to the back of the drill hole.

4a. Ensure the extension tube is angled to allow free movement of the resin stopper as the resin is extruded.



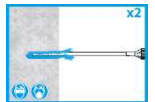
5a. Continue from step 10 under "solid substrate installation method".

**DIAMOND CORE DRILLING**

1b. Using a diamond core drill (DD) and following the manufacturer's instructions, drill the specified diameter hole to the correct embedment depth then remove the concrete core.



2b. Starting from the back of the hole, flush with pressurised water a minimum of two times and until there is only clean water.



3b. Select the correct size hole cleaning brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and of the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole, using a brush extension if needed to reach the bottom. Withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be a positive interaction between the bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole. Perform the brushing operation twice.



4b. Repeat step 2b (flushing operation x2).

5b. Repeat step 3b (brushing operation x2).

6a. Using the correct air lance and starting from the back of the hole and withdrawing, perform a minimum of two blowing operations and ensure that the hole is clear of debris and excess water.



7a. Continue from step 7 under "solid substrate installation method".



**DUSTLESS DRILLING**

1c. Using the specified hollow drill bit (HDB) and vacuum system and following the manufacturer's instructions, drill the specified diameter hole to the correct embedment depth. Ensure that the minimum vacuum specifications are met and that the vacuum is turned on.



2c. The hole should be inspected to ensure the system has worked correctly. If the hole is clear of dust and debris, no further cleaning is required.



3c. Continue from step 7 under "solid substrate installation method".



**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Intended use**  
Installation procedure

**Annex B 3**

**Table B1: Installation parameters of threaded rod**

Size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Nominal drill hole diameter	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	10	12	14	18	22	26
Diameter of cleaning brush	$d_b$ [mm]	14	14	20	20	29	29
Torque moment	$\max T_{fix}$ [Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,min}$	$h_0 = h_{ef}$ [mm]	64	80	96	128	160	192
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,max}$	$h_0 = h_{ef}$ [mm]	96	120	144	192	240	288
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$ [mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$ [mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$ [mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$	

**Table B2: Installation parameters of rebar**

Size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
Nominal drill hole diameter	$\varnothing d_0$ [mm]	12	14	16	20   22*	25	30*   32
Diameter of cleaning brush	$d_b$ [mm]	14	14	19	22	29	40
Manual pump cleaning		$h_{ef} < 300 \text{ mm}$					
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,min}$	$h_{ef}$ [mm]	60	60	70	80	90	100
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,max}$	$h_{ef}$ [mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480
Depth of drill hole	$h_0$ [mm]	$h_{ef}+5$	$h_{ef}+5$	$h_{ef}+5$	$h_{ef}+5$	$h_{ef}+5$	$h_{ef}+5$
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$ [mm]	40	40	50	70	80	100
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$ [mm]	40	40	50	70	80	100
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$ [mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm} \geq 100 \text{ mm}$				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$	

\* Only for hammer and dustless drilling

**Table B3.1: Minimum curing time ICFS CM VESF**

Resin cartridge temperature [°C]	T Work [mins]	Base material Temperature [°C]	T Load [mins]
min +5	18	min +5	145
+5 to +10	10	+5 to +10	
+10 to +20	6	+10 to +20	85
+20 to +25	5	+20 to +25	50
+25 to +30	4	+25 to +30	40
+30		+30	35

**Table B3.2: Minimum curing time ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

Resin cartridge temperature [°C]	T Work [mins]	Base material Temperature [°C]	T Load [mins]
min +10	30	min +10	5 hours
+10 to +20	15	+10 to +20	
+20 to +25	10	+20 to +25	145
+25 to +30	7,5	+25 to +30	85
+30 to +35	5	+30 to +35	50
+35 to +40	3,5	+35 to +40	40
+40 to +45	2,5	+40 to +45	35
+45		+45	12

T work is typical gel time at highest temperature

T load is set at the lowest temperature

ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical

Intended use  
Installation parameters  
Curing time**Annex B 4**

**Table C1:** Design method EN 1992-4  
Steel failure - Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of threaded rod

<b>Steel failure – Characteristic resistance</b>									
<b>Size</b>			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>	
CAS 5.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,5						
CAS 8.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,5						
CAS 10.9	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	37	58	84	157	245	353	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,4						
CAS A2-70, CAS A4-70	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,9						
CAS A4-80	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,6						
CAS HCR	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,5						
CAS UHCR	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,9						

**Table C2:** Design method EN 1992-4  
Steel failure - Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of rebar

<b>Steel failure – Characteristic resistance</b>									
<b>Size</b>			<b>Ø8</b>	<b>Ø10</b>	<b>Ø12</b>	<b>Ø16</b>	<b>Ø20</b>	<b>Ø25</b>	
Rebar BSt 500 S	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	28	43	62	111	173	270	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,4						

ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical

**Performances**  
Steel failure characteristic resistance

**Annex C 1**

**Table C3:** Design method EN 1992-4

Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of threaded rod

**Hammer drilling, Dustless drilling**

<b>Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in uncracked concrete C20/25</b>									
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete for a working life of 50 years and 100 years</b>									
Dry, wet concrete and flooded hole		$\tau_{RK,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	10,0	8,0	9,0	9,5	8,5	8,5
<b>Installation safety factor</b>									
Dry, wet concrete		$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]					1,2	
Hammer drilling - flooded hole		$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]					1,2	
Dustless drilling - flooded hole		$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]					1,4	
Factor for influence of sustained load for a working life 50 years		$\psi^0_{sus}$	[-]					0,78	
Factor for concrete	C25/30	$\psi_c$	[-]					1,06	
	C30/37							1,12	
	C35/45							1,19	
	C40/50							1,23	
	C45/55							1,27	
	C50/60							1,30	

<b>Concrete cone failure</b>			
Factor for concrete cone failure	$k_{ucr,N}$	[-]	11
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>

<b>Splitting failure</b>								
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2,0h <sub>ef</sub>			1,5h <sub>ef</sub>		
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	4,0h <sub>ef</sub>			3,0h <sub>ef</sub>		

**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Performances**

Hammer drilling, Dustless drilling  
Characteristic resistance for tension loads – threaded rod

**Annex C 2**

**Table C4:** Design method EN 1992-4  
Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of rebar

**Hammer drilling, Dustless drilling**

**Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in uncracked concrete C20/25**

Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete for a working life of 50 years and 100 years</b>								
Dry, wet concrete, flooded hole	$\tau_{RK,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	8,5	8	8	7	7	5,5
<b>Installation safety factor</b>								
Dry, wet concrete	$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,2					
Hammer drilling - flooded hole	$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,2					
Dustless drilling - flooded hole	$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,4					
Factor for influence of sustained load for a working life 50 years	$\psi^0_{sus}$	[-]	T1: 24°C / 40°C					
			T2: 50°C / 80°C					
Factor for concrete	$\psi_c$	[-]	C25/30					
			C30/37					
			C35/45					
			C40/50					
			C45/55					
			C50/60					

**Concrete cone failure**

Factor for concrete cone failure	$k_{ucr,N}$	[-]	11					
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>					

**Splitting failure**

Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2 • h <sub>ef</sub>					
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2 • c <sub>cr,sp</sub>					

**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Performances**

Hammer drilling, Dustless drilling  
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar

**Annex C 3**

**Table C5:** Design method EN 1992-4

Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of threaded rod

**Diamond core drilling**

**Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in uncracked concrete C20/25**

Size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24		
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete for a working life of 50 years and 100 years</b>								
Dry, wet concrete and flooded hole	$\tau_{RK,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	9	8,5	8,5	7,5	6,5	6,5
<b>Installation safety factor</b>								
Dry, wet concrete	$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1					
Flooded hole	$\gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,4					
Factor for influence of sustained load for a working life 50 years	T1: 24°C / 40°C T2: 50°C / 80°C	$\psi^{0}_{sus}$	[-]	0,83				
				0,82				
Factor for concrete	C25/30 C30/37 C35/45 C40/50 C45/55 C50/60	$\psi_c$	[-]	1,02				
				1,04				
				1,06				
				1,07				
				1,08				
				1,09				

**Concrete cone failure**

Factor for concrete cone failure	$k_{ucr,N}$	[-]	11			
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>			

**Splitting failure**

Size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2,0h <sub>ef</sub>		1,5h <sub>ef</sub>	
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	4,0h <sub>ef</sub>		3,0h <sub>ef</sub>	

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**Performances**

Diamond core drilling  
Characteristic resistance for tension loads – threaded rod

**Annex C 4**

**Table C6:** Design method EN 1992-4  
Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of rebar

**Diamond core drilling**

**Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in uncracked concrete C20/25**

Size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
<b>Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete for a working life of 50 years and 100 years</b>							
Dry, wet concrete, flooded hole	$\tau_{RK,ucr}$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	8	8	7,5	7	6,5	6
<b>Installation safety factor</b>							
Dry, wet concrete	$\gamma_{inst}$ [-]	1					
Flooded hole	$\gamma_{inst}$ [-]	1,4					
Factor for influence of sustained load for a working life 50 years	T1: 24°C / 40°C	0,89					
	T2: 50°C / 80°C	0,87					
Factor for concrete	C25/30	1,02					
	C30/37	1,04					
	C35/45	1,06					
	C40/50	1,07					
	C45/55	1,08					
	C50/60	1,09					

**Concrete cone failure**

Factor for concrete cone failure	$k_{Ucr,N}$ [-]	11					
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$ [mm]	1,5h <sub>ef</sub>					

**Splitting failure**

Size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$ [mm]	2 • h <sub>ef</sub>					
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$ [mm]	2 • c <sub>cr,sp</sub>					

**ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical**

**Performances**

Diamond core drilling  
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar

**Annex C 5**



**Table C7:** Design method EN 1992-4  
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of threaded rod

<b>Steel failure without lever arm</b>								
Size			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>
Characteristic resistance CAS 5.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,25					
Characteristic resistance CAS 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,25					
Characteristic resistance CAS 10.9	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,5					
Characteristic resistance CAS A2-70, CAS A4-70	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,56					
Characteristic resistance CAS A4-80	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,33					
Characteristic resistance CAS HCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,25					
Characteristic resistance CAS UHCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,56					
<b>Characteristic resistance of group of fasteners</b>								
Ductility factor $k_7 = 1,0$ for steel with rupture elongation $A_5 > 8\%$								

<b>Steel failure with lever arm</b>								
Size			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>
Characteristic resistance CAS 5.8	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	19	37	66	166	325	561
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,25					
Characteristic resistance CAS 8.8	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,25					
Characteristic resistance CAS 10.9	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	37	75	131	333	649	1123
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,50					
Characteristic resistance CAS A2-70, CAS A4-70	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,56					
Characteristic resistance CAS A4-80	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,33					
Characteristic resistance CAS HCR	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,25					
Characteristic resistance CAS UHCR	$M^o_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$	[-]	1,56					
<b>Concrete pry-out failure</b>								
Factor for resistance to pry-out failure	$k_8$	[-]	2					

<b>Concrete edge failure</b>								
Size			<b>M8</b>	<b>M10</b>	<b>M12</b>	<b>M16</b>	<b>M20</b>	<b>M24</b>
Outside diameter of fastener	$d_{nom}$	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24
Effective length of fastener	$l_f$	[mm]	min ( $h_{ef}$ , 8 $d_{nom}$ )					

<b>ICFS CM VESF, ICFS CM VESF-Tropical</b>	<b>Annex C 6</b>
<b>Performances</b> Characteristic resistance for shear loads – threaded rod	

**Table C8:** Design method EN 1992-4  
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of rebar

<b>Steel failure without lever arm</b>							
<b>Size</b>		<b>Ø8</b>	<b>Ø10</b>	<b>Ø12</b>	<b>Ø16</b>	<b>Ø20</b>	<b>Ø25</b>
Rebar BSt 500 S	$V_{RK,s}$ [kN]	14	22	31	55	86	135
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ [-]	1,5					
Characteristic resistance of group of fasteners							
Ductility factor $k_7 = 1,0$ for steel with rupture elongation $A_5 > 8\%$							

<b>Steel failure with lever arm</b>							
<b>Size</b>		<b>Ø8</b>	<b>Ø10</b>	<b>Ø12</b>	<b>Ø16</b>	<b>Ø20</b>	<b>Ø25</b>
Rebar BSt 500 S	$M^o_{RK,s}$ [N.m]	33	65	112	265	518	1013
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms}$ [-]	1,5					
<b>Concrete pryout failure</b>							
Factor for resistance to pry-out failure	$k_8$ [-]	2					

<b>Concrete edge failure</b>							
<b>Size</b>		<b>Ø8</b>	<b>Ø10</b>	<b>Ø12</b>	<b>Ø16</b>	<b>Ø20</b>	<b>Ø25</b>
Outside diameter of fastener	$d_{nom}$ [mm]	8	10	12	16	20	25
Effective length of fastener	$l_f$ [mm]	min ( $h_{ef}$ , 8 $d_{nom}$ )					

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**Performances**  
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - rebar

**Annex C 7**

**Table C9:** Displacement of threaded rod under tension and shear load  
Hammer drilling, Dustless drilling

Anchor size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Tension load							
$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/kN]	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,02
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,05	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,02
Shear load							
$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/kN]	0,02	0,01	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,03
$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,04	0,02	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,05

**Table C10:** Displacement of threaded rod under tension and shear load  
Diamond core drilling

Anchor size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Tension load							
$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/kN]	0,04	0,03	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,02
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,11	0,09	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,03
Shear load							
$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/kN]	0,02	0,01	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,03
$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,04	0,02	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,05

**Table C11:** Displacement of rebar under tension and shear load  
Hammer drilling, Dustless drilling

Size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
Tension load							
$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/kN]	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,13	0,12	0,08	0,06	0,05	0,03
Shear load							
$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/kN]	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01	0,01
$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,03	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01

**Table C12:** Displacement of rebar under tension and shear load  
Diamond core drilling

Size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25
Tension load							
$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/kN]	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,04
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,12	0,09	0,07	0,05	0,04	0,04
Shear load							
$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/kN]	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01	0,01
$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,03	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01

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Performances  
Displacement

Annex C 8